<u>Year 5</u>

Geography	Autumn	Spring	Summer
Торіс	British Isles	The Americas	North America
Key Question	How is our country changing?	Where would a Great American Road Trip take us?	Is there more to North America than just the USA?
Curriculum Objectives	 Locational Knowledge name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom, geographical regions and their identifying human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time Human and Physical Geography Describe and understand key aspects of climate zones and biomes Human geography/region of the UK – land use, economic activity, distribution of natural resources, energy (link to recycling) Investigate the physical and human features of the local area through map making, research, data collection and evaluation as 	 Trip take us? Locational Knowledge Latitude, Longitude, Equator, northern hemisphere. North America concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities compared to rural areas. Human and Physical Geography Describe and understand key aspects of climate zones, biomes, volcanoes and earthquakes. Types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water. 	Just the USA? Locational Knowledge North America • concentrating on their environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities compared to rural areas. • Study climate and weather in North America Place Knowledge • understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom and a region within North America
Geographical skills and Fie	part of recycling	Key Vocabulary	

•Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and	World country name, continent, physical, human, coastline, ocean,	
physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including	climate zone, habitat, seasonal forecast, mountains, equator, cities, rural	
sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.	areas, villages, growth, changes over time, landscape, land use, tourism,	
• Use the eight points of a compass, six-figure grid references, symbols	trade, diversity, population, recycling, energy, sustainability, economic,	
and a key (that uses standard Ordnance Survey symbols) to communicate	biomes, deforestation, climate change, latitude, longitude, tetonic plates,	
knowledge of the United Kingdom and the world.	earthquake, erupt,	